## **Audited Financial Statements**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## **City Council Members**

Stephen Huber, Mayor
David Walker, Mayor Pro Tem
Mike Hinson
Harry Fletcher
Mike Haigler
Larry Baucom
J.C. Burris
Roger Hypes

## Administrative and Financial Staff

Tim Fesperman, City Administrator Michael Rupp, Finance Director

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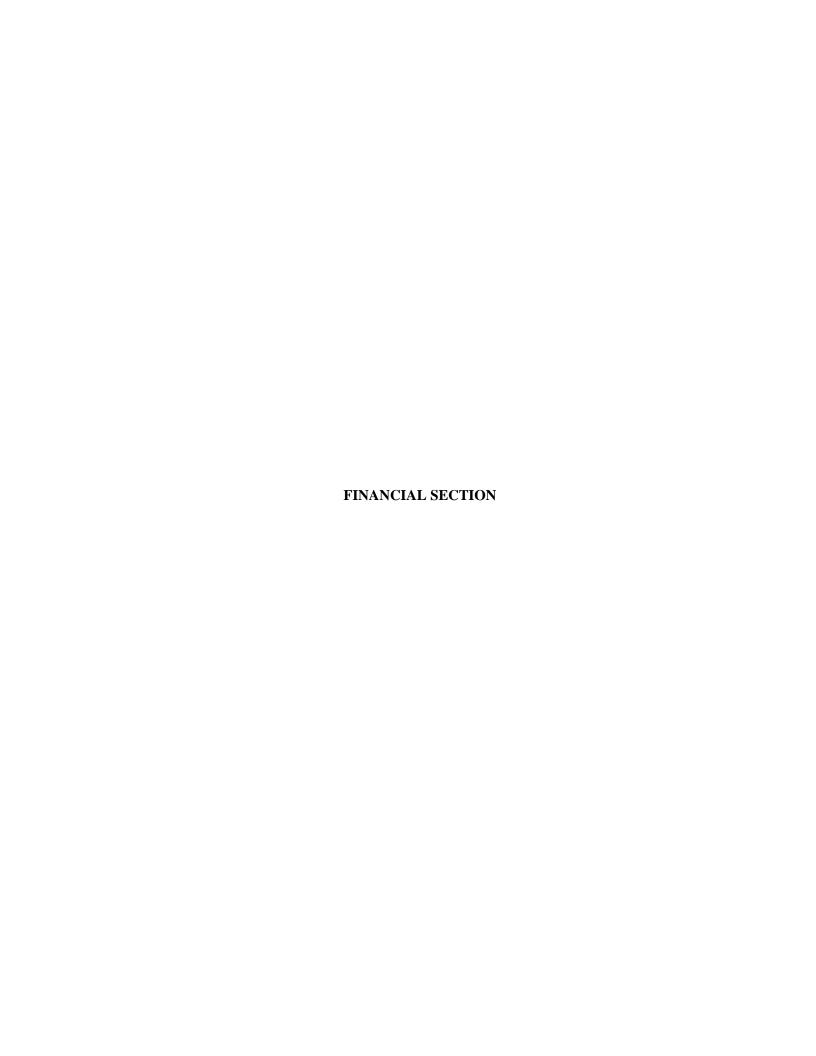
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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Locust, North Carolina

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Locust, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Locust ABC Board. Those statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Locust ABC Board, is based solely on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the City of Locust ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Locust, North Carolina as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-employment Benefits' Schedules of Funding Progress and Schedules of Employer Contributions and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, on pages 4–13, 52–53 and 54-55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Locust, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit* Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

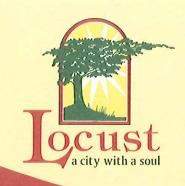
Rowell, Craven & Short, PA.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2014 on our consideration of City of Locust's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Locust's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rowell, Craven & Short P.A.

Charlotte, North Carolina

December 15, 2014



Vision: Locust is the preferred community where people fulfill their dreams of home, leisure, and work.

Mission: Our mission is to plan and prioritize for the citizens' well-being through equitable and quality services, focusing on cost-efficient government.

Core Values:
Preserve our community history
Encourage family values
Maintain quality of life
Stewardship of public resources
Promote sustainable and balanced growth

# Management's Discussion

As management of the City of Locust, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Locust for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the City's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

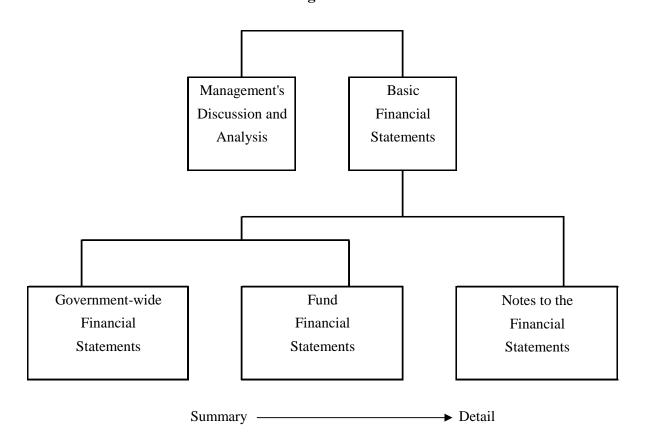
## Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Locust exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$17,308,027 (net assets).
- The government's total net position increased by \$23,084 primarily due to an increase in actual revenues compared to budgeted revenues and expenditures remained steadfast throughout the year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Locust's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,218,538, an increase of \$183,494 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 48.8% of this total amount or \$594,076 is restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$624,462, or 26.7% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

## Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to City of Locust's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City of Locust.

# Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the City's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the financial status as a whole.

### Government-wide Financial Statements - Continued

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the City's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the sewer services offered by the City of Locust. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the ABC Board is important to the City. The City exercises control over the Board by appointing its members and because the Board is required to distribute its profits to the City.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Locust, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of City of Locust can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The City of Locust adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** – City of Locust has one on-going proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. City of Locust uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. A capital projects fund has been established to account for additions to the sewer infrastructure.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 26 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Locust's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 52 of this report.

**Interdependence with Other Entities** – The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign government and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

## The City of Locust's Net Position

Figure 2

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess-type			
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Total		
	2014	2013	2014 2013		2014	2013	
Current and other assets	\$ 1,393,466	\$ 1,039,022	\$ 131,724	\$ 125,022	\$ 1,525,190	\$ 1,164,044	
Capital assets	11,278,270	11,574,226	10,539,399	9,873,492	21,817,669	21,447,718	
Total assets	12,671,736	12,613,248	10,671,123	9,998,514	23,342,859	22,611,762	
Long-term liabilities							
outstanding	2,519,880	2,490,889	2,631,027	2,181,413	5,150,907	4,672,302	
Other liabilities	177,877	5,685	700,968	643,759	878,845	649,444	
Deferred inflows of resources	5,080	5,074	-	_ [	5,080	5,074	
Total liabilities and							
deferred inflows of resources	2,702,837	2,501,647	3,331,995	2,825,172	6,034,832	5,326,819	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	9,151,949	9,406,747	7,424,683	7,273,556	16,576,632	16,680,303	
Restricted	574,611	414,667	-	- [	574,611	414,667	
Unrestricted	242,339	290,187	(85,555)	(100,214)	156,784	189,973	
Total net position	\$ 9,968,899	\$ 10,111,601	\$ 7,339,128	\$ 7,173,342	\$17,308,027	\$17,284,943	

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Locust exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$17,308,027 as of June 30, 2014. The City's net position increased by \$23,084 for the fiscal year ended June

30, 2014. However, the largest portion (95.8%) reflects the City's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The City of Locust uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Locust's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining balance of \$156,784 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a relatively high tax collection percentage of just over 96%.
- Increase in privilege licenses and permits and sales tax due to business growth in the city.
- Increase in new development and sewer tap fees.

# City of Locust Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type			
	Activ			vities	Total		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 69,114	\$ 70,058	\$ 1,056,865	\$ 1,000,176	\$ 1,125,979	\$ 1,070,234	
Operating grants							
and contributions	103,968	122,351	-	-	103,968	122,351	
Capital grants							
and contributions	132,315	799,229	-	-	132,315	799,229	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	1,340,582	1,309,833	-	-	1,340,582	1,309,833	
Other taxes	62,636	85,317	-	-	62,636	85,317	
Grants and contributions							
not restricted to							
specific programs	885,139	869,180	-	-	885,139	869,180	
Other	65,856	38,139	-	-	65,856	38,139	
Total revenues	2,659,610	3,294,107	1,056,865	1,000,176	3,716,475	4,294,283	
E							
Expenses: General government	634,371	539,534			634,371	539,534	
Public safety	949,158	880,972	-	-	949,158	880,972	
•	534,461	528,460	-	-	534,461	528,460	
Transportation Environmental protection	234,433	233,878	-	-	234,433	233,878	
Culture and recreation	378,018	353,312	-	-	378,018	353,312	
Interest on long-term debt	71,871	76,961	-	-	71,871	76,961	
Water and sewer	/1,0/1	70,901	891,079	883,742	891,079	883,742	
water and sewer	-	-	691,079	003,742	891,079	863,742	
Total expenses	2,802,312	2,613,117	891,079	883,742	3,693,391	3,496,859	
Increase(decrease) in net							
,	(142,702)	680,990	165,786	116,434	23,084	797,424	
position before transfers	(142,702)	080,990	103,780	110,434	23,084	191,424	
Transfers	-	(80,700)	-	80,700	-	-	
Increase(decrease) in net							
position	(142,702)	600,290	165,786	197,134	23,084	797,424	
Net position, July 1 (consolidated)	10,111,601	9,511,311	7,173,342	6,976,208	17,284,943	16,487,519	
Net position, June 30	\$ 9,968,899	\$10,111,601	\$7,339,128	\$7,173,342	\$ 17,308,027	\$ 17,284,943	

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$142,702.

**Business-type Activities.** Business-type activities increased the City of Locust's net position by \$165,786.

### **Financial Analysis of the City Funds**

As noted earlier, the City of Locust uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds**. The focus of the City of Locust's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Locust's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Locust. At the end of the current fiscal year, City of Locust's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$624,462, while total fund balance reached \$1,218,538. The City follows the Local Government Commission's recommendation in order to maintain an adequate cash flow in the General Fund. The Fund Balance available for appropriation should not drop below 8.0% of total expenditures. This represents approximately one month's average expenditures. The City currently has an available fund balance of 26.7% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 52.04% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2014, the governmental funds of City of Locust reported a combined fund balance of \$1,218,538 with a net increase in fund balance of \$183,494. This increase represents only the general fund as the Capital Project Fund balance was \$0.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. Revenues were higher than budgeted amounts primarily due to the fact that the City historically budgets conservatively. Expenditures were held in check to comply with its budgetary requirements.

**Proprietary Funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the water sewer fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to (\$85,555). The City Council is preparing a plan of action to correct this deficiency. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The City of Locust's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2014, totals \$21,817,669 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- City purchased 3 vehicles for its police department
- Addition of sidewalks to City's maintenance system
- Addition of sewer infrastructure (King's Heights)

## City of Locust's Capital Assets Net of Depreciation

Figure 4

	Govern		Business-Type								
	Acti	vities	Activities				Total				
	2014	2013		2014		2013		2014		2013	
Land	\$ 693,782	\$ 693,782		\$ -	\$	5 -		\$ 693,782	\$	693,782	
Buildings and systems	3,288,100	3,430,408		10,539,399		9,873,492		13,827,499		13,303,900	
Machinery and equipment	145,587	182,806		-		-		145,587		182,806	
Infrastructure	6,475,479	6,714,129		-		-		6,475,479		6,714,129	
Vehicles and motorized equipment	208,344	218,439		-		-		208,344		218,439	
Construction in progress	466,978	334,662		-		47,661		466,978		382,323	
Total	\$ 11,278,270	\$ 11,574,226		\$ 10,539,399	\$	\$ 9,921,153		\$ 21,817,669	\$	21,495,379	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

# City of Locust's Outstanding Debt Capitalized Leases and Installment Purchases

**Long-term Debt.** As of June 30, 2014, the City of Locust had total debt outstanding of \$5,235,621.

Figure 5

		mental vities		ss-Type vities	Total			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Capitalized leases Construction loan Governmental Center loan Installment purchases	\$ 43,806 - 2,082,515 -	\$ 60,033 2,107,446 -	\$ - - 3,109,300	\$ - - 2,599,936	\$ 43,806 - 2,082,515 3,109,300	\$ 60,033 2,107,446 - 2,599,936		
Total	\$2,126,321	\$2,167,479	\$3,109,300	\$2,599,936	\$5,235,621	\$4,767,415		

### **City of Locust's Outstanding Debt**

The City of Locust's total debt had a net decrease of \$468,206 during the past fiscal year. The City closed on a loan for sewer infrastructure additions for \$927,887 with the NC DENR.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for City of Locust is \$29,699,058. Additional information regarding City of Locust's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of this report.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the City of Locust:

- The City's unemployment rate remained stable from the prior year.
- Occupancy rates on office and retail space remained steady through the year.
- Commercial growth is increasing as evidenced by the increased fees for privilege licenses and permits issued.

### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2014

**Governmental Activities:** Property taxes and revenues from permits and fees are expected to remain steady as compared to the current year. Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to remain steady for budget year 2014-2015.

**Business** – **type Activities:** The Enterprise Fund is expected to remain steady compared to the current year. General operating expenses will remain steady for budget year 2014-2015.

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# **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the <u>City of Locust</u> finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the office of Tim Fesperman, P.O. Box 190, Locust N.C. 28097 or e-mail to <u>tfesperman@locustnc.com</u>.



# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Primary Government							
	Governmental			usiness-type			City of Locust	
ACCETC		Activities		Activities		Total	Al	BC Board
ASSETS Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	866,322	\$	_	\$	866,322	\$	19,254
Taxes receivable	Ψ	136,620	Ψ	_	Ψ	136,620	Ψ	17,234
Accounts receivable (net)		130,020		103,908		103,908		_
Due from other governments		273,773		103,700		273,773		_
Prepaid expenses				_				6,491
Inventories		_		_		_		113,611
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		116,751		27,816		144,567		-
Total current assets	\$	1,393,466	\$	131,724	\$	1,525,190	\$	139,356
Non-current assets:								
Capital assets (Note 1):								
Land, non-depreciable improvements,								
and construction in progress		1,160,760		-		1,160,760		-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		10,117,510		10,539,399		20,656,909		40,946
Total capital assets		11,278,270		10,539,399		21,817,669		40,946
Other Assets:		-		-		-		3,221
Total assets		12,671,736		10,671,123		23,342,859		183,523
I IADII WEIEC								
LIABILITIES  Comment link likings								
Current liabilities:	\$	217 212	\$		¢	217 212	\$	120.279
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Þ	217,312 71,523	Ф	10,958	\$	217,312 82,481	Ф	120,378
Accrued interest payable Internal balances		,		184,087		62,461		-
		(184,087)		27,650		27,650		-
Customer deposits Current portion of long-term liabilities		73,129		478,273		551,402		39,507
Total current liabilities		177,877		700,968		878,845		159,885
		177,077		700,908		676,643		139,883
Long-term liabilities:		2.710.000		2 (21 027		5 150 007		56.760
Due in more than one year		2,519,880		2,631,027		5,150,907		56,760
Total liabilities		2,697,757		3,331,995		6,029,752		216,645
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unearned revenues		5,080				5,080		
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,080				5,080		-
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		9,151,949		7,424,683		16,576,632		40,946
Restricted for:								
Stabilization by state statue		457,860		-		457,860		-
Streets - Powell Bill		116,751		-		116,751		-
Working capital		-		-		-		37,517
Unrestricted		242,339		(85,555)		156,784		(111,585)
Total net position	\$	9,968,899	\$	7,339,128	\$	17,308,027	\$	(33,122)

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Program Revenues
		Charges
		for
	Expenses	Services
Functions/Programs		
Primary government:		
Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$ 634,37	1 \$ 11,284
Public safety	949,158	3 4,225
Transportation	534,46	-
Environmental protection	234,433	-
Cultural and recreational	378,018	3 53,605
Interest on long-term debt	71,87	<u> </u>
Total governmental activities	2,802,312	2 69,114
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer	891,079	1,056,865
Total business-type activities	891,079	1,056,865
Total primary government	\$ 3,693,39	1 \$ 1,125,979
Component Unit:		
ABC Board	\$ 918,195	5 \$ 975,457
Total component unit	\$ 918,195	
2 out component unit	Ψ 710,175	7,73,437

Operating Capital					Changes in Primary G					
Gı	Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions		overnmental Business Type Activities Activities		siness Type	Total		of Locust BC Board
\$	-	\$	132,315	\$	(490,772)	\$	-	\$	(490,772)	\$ -
	103,968		-		(944,933) (430,493)		-		(944,933) (430,493)	-
	-		_		(234,433)		_		(234,433)	_
	-		-		(324,413)		-		(324,413)	-
	-				(71,871)				(71,871)	 
	103,968		132,315		(2,496,915)				(2,496,915)	
	_		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		165,786		165,786	-
							165 796		165 706	
							165,786		165,786	 
\$	103,968	\$	132,315	\$	(2,496,915)	\$	165,786	\$	(2,331,129)	\$ -
\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 57,262
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 57,262
Genera Taxe	al revenues:									
	operty taxes lev		eral purposes		1,340,582		-		1,340,582	-
	her taxes and li		_		62,636		-		62,636	-
	restricted intergestricted invest				885,139 12,110		-		885,139 12,110	-
	estricted invest cellaneous	ment earnin	igs		53,746		-		53,746	-
	general revenue	s. not inclu	ding transfers:		2,354,213		_		2,354,213	 _
(	Change in n		<b>5</b>		(142,702)		165,786		23,084	57,262
Net po	sition, beginnii	ng			10,111,601		7,173,342		17,284,943	(90,384)
Net po	sition, ending			\$	9,968,899	\$	7,339,128	\$	17,308,027	\$ (33,122)

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	<b>Major Funds</b>		Non-Major Fund			Total
	General Fund		Capital Project Fund		Gov	vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	866,322	\$	-	\$	866,322
Restricted cash		116,751		_		116,751
Taxes receivable		136,619		-		136,619
Due from (to) other funds		184,087		-		184,087
Due from other governments		273,773				273,773
Total assets		1,577,552		_		1,577,552
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		217,314		-		217,314
Total liabilities		217,314		-		217,314
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property taxes receivable		136,620		-		136,620
Donations		5,080		-		5,080
Total deferred inflows of resources		141,700				141,700
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted						
Stabilization by state statue		457,860		-		457,860
Streets - Powell Bill		116,751		-		116,751
Unspendable - USDA Reserves		10,956				10,956
Assigned - Veterans Memorial		8,509				8,509
Unassigned		624,462				624,462
Total fund balances		1,218,538		-		1,218,538
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,577,552	\$	_	\$	1,577,552

**Exhibit 3 Continued** 

# Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 1,218,538
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported	
in the funds statement.	11,278,270
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources	136,620

Some liabilities, including leases payable, installment loan, compensated absences payable, and other postemployment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(2,593,005)

(71,524)

Net position governmental activities

Accrued interest

statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

\$ 9,968,899

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	Majo	Total		
	General	Capital	Governmental	
	Fund	Project Fund	Funds	
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,299,087	\$ -	\$ 1,299,087	
Other taxes and licenses	100,507	-	100,507	
Unrestricted intergovernmental	885,139	-	885,139	
Restricted intergovernmental	108,193	132,315	240,508	
Sales and services	58,668	=	58,668	
Investment earnings	12,110	-	12,110	
Miscellaneous	61,363		61,363	
Total revenues	2,525,067	132,315	2,657,382	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	499,546	132,315	631,861	
Public safety	917,286	-	917,286	
Transportation	266,113	-	266,113	
Environmental protection	234,433	-	234,433	
Economic and physical development	18,876	-	18,876	
Culture and recreation	289,994	-	289,994	
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	37,709	-	37,709	
Interest and other charges	77,616		77,616	
Total expenditures	2,341,573	132,315	2,473,888	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	183,494		183,494	
Fund balance, beginning	1,035,044	-	1,035,044	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,218,538	\$ -	\$ 1,218,538	
	<del>+ 1,210,000</del>	<del>-</del>	- 1,210,000	

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities of Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 183,494
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$ 74,737	
Construction in progress- current year	132,316	
Disposal of assets	(3,750)	
Gain on disposal	3,750	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(503,009)	(295,956)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	2,227	2,227
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  New long-term debt issued	-	
Principal payments on long-term debt	41,158	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	2,295	43,453
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures.  Compensated absences	(15,694)	(75.000)
Other post-employment benefits	(60,226)	(75,920)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ (142,702)

# General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund						
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			_		_		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,240,000	\$	1,268,000	\$	1,299,087	\$ 31,087
Other taxes and licenses		77,000		79,000		100,507	21,507
Unrestricted intergovernmental		855,000		882,000		885,139	3,139
Restricted intergovernmental		101,400		104,900		108,193	3,293
Sales and services		76,700		76,700		58,668	(18,032)
Investment earnings		7,000		8,750		12,110	3,360
Miscellaneous		13,900		51,450		61,363	 9,913
Total revenues		2,371,000		2,470,800		2,525,067	54,267
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		499,050		522,850		499,546	23,304
Public safety		882,650		936,200		917,286	18,914
Transportation		299,500		301,500		266,113	35,387
Environmental protection		235,000		237,000		234,433	2,567
Economic and physical development		25,000		25,000		18,876	6,124
Culture and recreation		295,350		296,850		289,994	6,856
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		37,750		37,750		37,709	41
Interest and other charges		77,650		77,650		77,616	34
Total expenditures		2,351,950		2,434,800		2,341,573	93,227
Revenues over (under) expenditures		19,050		36,000		183,494	147,494
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers from Capital Project Fund		(5,800)		_		_	_
Transfers to Water and Sewer Fund		(13,250)		(36,000)		_	36,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(19,050)		(36,000)		-	36,000
Fund balance appropriated		-		-		-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-		183,494	\$ 183,494
Fund balance, beginning						1,035,044	
Fund balance, end of year					\$	1,218,538	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2014

	Major Enterprise Fund	
	Water and Sewer Fund	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,816
Accounts receivable, net		103,908
Due from other funds		5,416
Total current assets		137,140
Capital assets:		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	10,539,399
Total noncurrent assets		10,539,399
Total assets	\$	10,676,539
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued liabilities	\$	10,958
Customer deposits		27,650
Due to other funds		189,503
Installment obligations payable - current		478,273
Total current liabilities		706,384
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Installment obligations payable - noncurrent		2,631,027
Total liabilities		3,337,411
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		7,424,683
Restricted		-
Unrestricted		(85,555)
Total net position	\$	7,339,128

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Major Enterprise Fund	
	Water and Sewer Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	768,849
Sewer taps and fees		200,454
Capacity fee collections		87,500
Other operating revenues		62
Total operating revenues		1,056,865
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administration		147,681
Waste collection and treatment		410,465
Depreciation		256,564
Total operating expenses		814,710
Operating income		242,155
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES		
Interest and other charges		76,369
Total non-operating expenses		76,369
Income before contributions and transfers		165,786
Transfers from other fund		-
Change in net position		165,786
Total net position, beginning		7,173,342
Total net position, ending	\$	7,339,128

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

•	Major Enterprise Fund	
	Water and Sewer Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services	\$	1,051,998 (447,160)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services Customer deposits received Other operating revenues		(110,986) 2,250 62
Net cash provided by operating activities		496,164
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net due to (from) other fund		(9,321)
Total cash flows provided by non-capital financing activities  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		(9,321)
Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on installment financing		(922,471)
agreements Installment loan proceeds Interest and fees paid on installment financing		(418,050) 927,887
agreements  Net cash used by capital and		(72,312)
related financing activities  Net increase in cash and cash		(484,946)
equivalents Balances, beginning		1,897 25,919
Balances, ending	\$	27,816
Details on cash and cash equivalents: Restricted assets	\$	27,816

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Major Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income		
to net cash provided by operating		
activities:		
Operating income	\$	242,155
Adjustments to reconcile operating		
income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Depreciation		256,564
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		(4,805)
Increase in customer deposits		2,250
Net cash provided by operating		
activities	\$	496,164

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Locust and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

## A. Reporting Entity

The City of Locust, North Carolina, in Stanly County is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a seven member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the City's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

### City of Locust ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the City. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at City of Locust ABC Board, 1772 Main Street West, Locust, NC 28097.

### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

**Capital Project Fund.** This fund is used to account for the construction of a new government center.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the City's wastewater operations.

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the City are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the sewer system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues, which are unearned at year-end, are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net positions available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

# D. Budgetary Data

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Project Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. All amendments must be approved by the governing board and the Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the City and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State Law (G.S. 159-31). The City and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the City and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

## 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

## 3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the City before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136.41.4.

## 4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013. The City reports ad valorem tax revenues in the General Fund.

### 5. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

The inventory of the ABC Board is valued at lower of cost (first-in, first out), which approximates market.

The inventory of the ABC Board consists of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of this inventory is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as items are used.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, buildings, and improvements, \$20,000; infrastructure, \$100,000; equipment and furniture, \$5,000; computer software and computer equipment, \$500; vehicles and motorized equipment, \$10,000. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City has elected not to report major general infrastructure assets, such as the road network, retroactively as permitted for Phase Three governments. Thus, any amounts expended for infrastructure prior to July 1, 2003, are not reported as capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Infrastructure	50
Buildings	30
Improvements	25
Vehicles	6
Furniture and equipment	10
Computer equipment	5
Computer software	3

Property and equipment of the ABC Board are stated at cost and are being depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Equipment	10
Leasehold improvements	10
Furniture and fixtures	5-10
Office equipment	3-7

## 7. <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element,

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - continued

Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then.

The City of Locust has no deferred outflows of resources, but does have two items that meet the criterion of deferred inflows of resources – property taxes receivable and donation.

## 8. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

#### 9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City provides for the accumulation of leave without any maximum until December 31 of each year. Effective with the last payroll in the calendar year, any employee with more than 5 days of accumulated leave shall have the excess accumulation removed so that only 5 days are carried forward to January 1 of the next calendar year. For the City's government-wide funds and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### 10. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as investment in capital assets; restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by state statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Working Capital – North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission Rule [.0902] defines working capital as the total of cash, investments and inventory less all unsecured liabilities. An ABC board shall set its working capital requirements at not less than two weeks' average gross sales of the last fiscal year or greater than four months' average gross sales of the last fiscal year. Average gross sales mean gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages less distributions required by State law [G.S. 18B-805(b), (2), (3), (4).

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that City of Locust intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The City of Locust for purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### 10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund Balances - continued

The City of Locust follows the Local Government Commission's recommendation in order to maintain an adequate cash flow in the General Fund. The Fund Balance available for appropriation should not drop below 8.0% of total expenditures. This represents approximately one month's average expenditures.

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

#### A. ASSETS

#### 1. Deposits

All the deposits of the City of Locust and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the City's or the ABC Board's agent in these unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's and the ABC Board's agent in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interestbearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City and the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The City complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2014, the City's deposits had a carrying amount of \$985,263 and a bank balance of \$1,029,996. Bank balances of the City, totaling \$374,457 were fully covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance of \$655,539 was collateralized under the Pooling Method. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$19,254 and the bank balance was \$58,413. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. As of June 30, 2014, the City's petty cash fund totaled \$100.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### A. ASSETS

#### 2. <u>Investments</u>

At June 30, 2014, the City of Locust had \$25,266 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The City has no policy regarding credit risk or interest rate risk.

## 3. Capital Assets

## **Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	I	ncreases	De	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 693,782	\$	-	\$	-	\$	693,782
Construction in Progress	334,662		132,316		-		466,978
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	1,028,444		132,316		-		1,160,760
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings	2,408,514		-		-		2,408,514
Other improvements	1,686,889		-		-		1,686,889
Furniture and equipment	454,077		-		-		454,077
Computer equipment	202,920		-		-		202,920
Vehicles and motorized equipment	708,870		74,737		20,982		762,625
Infrastructure	7,764,305		-		-		7,764,305
Total capital assets being							
depreciated	13,225,575		74,737		20,982		13,279,330
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	201,144		75,749		-		276,893
Other improvements	463,851		66,559		-		530,410
Furniture and equipment	277,988		33,092		-		311,080
Computer equipment	196,203		4,127		-		200,330
Vehicles and motorized equipment	490,431		84,832		20,982		554,281
Infrastructure	1,050,176		238,650		-		1,288,826
Total accumulated depreciation	2,679,793		503,009		20,982		3,161,820
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	 10,545,782						10,117,510
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 11,574,226					\$	11,278,270

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

A. ASSETS

3. Capital Assets

## **Primary Government**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 90,041
Public safety	69,720
Transportation	264,218
Culture and recreation	 79,030
Total depreciation expense	\$ 503,009

## **Business-type activities**

	F	Beginning Balance	Increases		Increases Decreases			Ending Balance
Water and Sewer Fund Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress	\$	47,661	\$	922,471	\$		\$	970,132
Total capital assets not	Ф	47,001	Φ	922,471	φ		φ	970,132
being depreciated		47,661		922,471		-		970,132
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Plant and distribution system		12,634,656		-		-		12,634,656
Furniture and maintenance equipment		53,551		-		-		53,551
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		12,688,207						12,688,207
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Plant and distribution system		2,812,113		255,525		_		3,067,638
Furniture and maintenance equipment		50,263		1,039		-		51,302
Total accumulated depreciation		2,862,376		256,564		_		3,118,940
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		9,825,831						9,569,267
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	9,873,492					\$	10,539,399

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### A. ASSETS

## 4. Construction Commitments

The City of Locust has active construction projects as of June 30, 2014. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

			Ac	tual		
	Project horization	Prior Years		rent ear	Total nt-to-date	maining nmitment
Water and Sewer Improvements	78,938	 3,750			3,750	75,188
Total	\$ 78,938	\$ 3,750	\$		\$ 3,750	\$ 75,188

#### 5. Discretely presented component unit

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Ве	eginning						Ending
	I	Balance	Ir	icreases	Decr	eases	]	Balance
ABC Board								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Furniture and fixtures	\$	57,296	\$	179	\$	-	\$	57,475
Equipment		13,151		-		-		13,151
Leasehold improvements		30,015		-		-		30,015
Office equipment		21,938		1,432				23,370
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		122,400		1,611		-		124,011
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Furniture and fixtures		29,190		5,852		-		35,042
Equipment		6,575		1,315		-		7,890
Leasehold improvements		15,008		3,002		-		18,010
Office equipment		21,265		858		-		22,123
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	72,038	\$	11,027	\$	-	\$	83,065
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		50,362						40,946
ABC capital assets, net	\$	50,362					\$	40,946

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### B. Liabilities

#### 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations

## a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City of Locust contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan member and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Government Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410 or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the City, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 7.07% and 7.28%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the City of Locust are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The City's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, were \$70,137, \$62,230, and \$63,807 respectfully. The contributions made by the City equaled the required contributions for each year.

## b. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

*Plan Description.* The City of Locust contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers and other full-time City employees. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers and other full-time City employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and 2012 were \$43,783, \$42,175 and \$42,362, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

#### B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations continued
  - c. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

Plan Description. The City of Locust administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increase in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12 D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2012, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits.	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits.	-
Active plan members	12
Total	12

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

*Basis of Accounting.* The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Method Used to Value Investments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Contributions. The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees. The

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations continued
  - c. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 5.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases ranging from 4.25% to 7.85% per year. Both (a) and (b) included inflation component of 3.00%. The assumptions did not include post-employment benefit increases.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation. The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Employer annual required contribution	\$ 13,814
Interest on net pension obligation	9,205
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(14,997)
Annual pension cost	\$ 8,022
Contributions made	 
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	\$ 8,022
Net pension obligation beginning of fiscal year	 184,071
Net pension obligation end of fiscal year	\$ 192,093

Three Year Trend Information								
Fiscal Year Ending	Annu	al Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation			
6/30/2012	\$	8,551	0.00%	\$	175,790			
6/30/2013	\$	8,281	0.00%	\$	184,071			
6/30/2014	\$	8,022	0.00%	\$	192,093			

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$ 70,253. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$471,506 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 14.90%.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### B. Liabilities

#### 1. Pension Plan and Post-employment Obligations - continued

#### c. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

#### 2. Other Post-employment Benefits

#### a. Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. According to a City resolution, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The City provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees of the City, provided the retiree has completed at least five years of creditable service and has at least five years in the North Carolina Local Government Employees' Retirement System. The health care plan will cease for the retiree when the retiree is eligible for Medicare and the previous health care insurance will convert to Medicare Supplemental insurance. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2012, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees	Officer
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits.	-	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but not		
yet receiving benefits.	-	-
Active plan members	14	12
Total	14	12

Funding Policy. The City pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a City resolution that can be amended by City Council. The City's retirees may continue dependent coverage, and pay the full cost of this coverage, if enrolled in dependent coverage at the time of retirement. Currently there are no retirees receiving post-employment health benefits. The City has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### B. Liabilities

## 2. Other Post-employment Benefits - continued

#### a. Healthcare Benefits

The current ARC rate is 5.02% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the City did not contribute to the plan. The City obtains health care coverage through private insurers. The City's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the City Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Post-employment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost. The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Health Care Benefit Plan for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 51,358
Interest on net OPEB obligation	6,172
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(5,325)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	52,205
Contributions made	_
Increase in net OPEB obligation	52,205
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	154,296
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 206,501

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

For Year Ended	A	Annual	Percentage of A	Net OPEB		
June 30	<b>OPEB Cost</b>		OPEB Cost Contributed		Obligation	
2012	\$	39,010		0.00%	\$	113,624
2013	\$	40,672		0.00%	\$	154,296
2014	\$	52,205		0.00%	\$	206,501

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### 2. Other Post-employment Benefits - continued

#### a. Healthcare Benefits

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2012 the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$171,653. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$741,889 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 23.1%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities and benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. In the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 8.50% to 5.00% annually. The investment rate included a 3.00% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period, at December 30, 2012, was 30 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### 2. Other Post-employment Benefits - continued

## b. Other Employment Benefits

The City has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Government Employee's Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The City has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The City considers these contributions to be immaterial.

## 3. Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following unavailable revenue:

	Unavailable			Unearned	
		Revenue		Revenue	
Property taxes receivable	\$	136,620	\$	-	
Donations (General Fund)		-		5,080	
	\$	136,620	\$	5,080	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### 4. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the City obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The City carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City of Locust does not hold any flood insurance. The City is not located in an area of the State that is designated as a flood plain or located close to a river, lake, or stream.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the City's employee who handles or has in his custody more than one hundred dollars (\$100) at any given time shall, before being entitled to assume his duties, give a faithful performance bond with sufficient sureties payable to the City. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are insured against theft in the amount of \$5,000 per occurrence.

#### 5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2014, the City was a defendant to a lawsuit on appeal. In the opinion of the City's management and the City attorney, the ultimate effect of this legal matter will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

## a. Capital Leases

The City has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. At June 30, 2014 there was only one lease still open.

The agreement was executed on February 20, 2007 to lease a lighting system for the ball fields and requires 10 annual payments of \$16,633. In all agreements, title passes to the City at the end of the lease term.

The following is an analysis of the assets recorded under capital leases at June 30, 2014:

			Accumulated	1	Net Book
Classes of Property	 Cost	ost Depreciation		Value	
Lighting system	122,074		24,822		97,252
Total	\$ 122,074	\$	24,822	\$	97,252

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2015	16,633
2016	16,633
2017	16,633
Total minimum lease payments	49,899
Less: Amount representing interest	 6,093
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 43,806

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### 6. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u> – continued

#### b. Installment Purchases

On July 18, 2012, the City converted the construction loan for its Government Center into a long-term loan of \$2,107,446 with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, payable on July 18 of each year consisting of principal and interest with total annual payments for each fiscal year of \$98,692 through July 2052 including interest at 3.5%.

\$ 2,082,515

The future minimum principal and interest payments of the Governmental Center's installment purchase agreement as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

#### Governmental Center Loan

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	25,804	72,888	98,692
2016	26,707	71,985	98,692
2017	27,642	71,050	98,692
2018	28,609	70,083	98,692
2019	29,611	69,081	98,692
Thereafter	1,944,142	1,410,877	3,355,019
Total	\$2,082,515	\$ 1,765,964	\$ 3,848,479

The City has entered into agreements to finance the acquisition and/or construction of certain assets such as land, facilities, sewer lines and equipment for use in the City's sewer operations. Installment purchase agreements at June 30, 2014 involve separate agreements as described below:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations – continued

#### b. <u>Installment Purchases</u> - continued

Installment purchase agreement for expansion of the wastewater disposal system, payable on December 29 and June 29 of each year in installments of \$117,649 through December, 2016, including interest at 3.50%, secured by equipment.

\$ 1,007,275

In July, 2003, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement to refinance an existing installment purchase agreement and an existing settlement agreement for expansion of the wastewater disposal system, payable on November 1 and May 1 of each year in installments consisting of interest only payments in November and installments consisting of interest and principal payments in May, with the total annual payments for each fiscal year \$181,224 through June, 2024 including interest at 2.42%.

1,592,661

Installment purchase agreement for expansion of the wastewater disposal system, payable on May 1 of each year in installments of \$46,394 through May 2034, including interest at 2.0%, secured by equipment.

927,887

Total installment purchase agreements serviced by the Enterprise Fund.

\$ 3,527,823

The future minimum principal and interest payments of the Enterprise Fund's installment purchase agreements as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

## **Business-Type Activities**

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	478,273	79,357	557,630
2016	492,068	62,524	554,592
2017	349,374	47,061	396,435
2018	203,397	39,996	243,393
2019	207,196	35,268	242,464
2020-2033	1,332,598	153,389	1,485,987
2034	46,394	928	47,322
Total	\$ 3,109,300	\$ 418,523	\$ 3,527,823

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations – continued

#### c. Legal Debt Margin

At June 30, 2014, the City of Locust had a legal debt margin of \$29,699,058.

#### d. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance			Balance	Current Portion	
	July 01, 2013	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2014	of Balance	
Governmental Activities:						
Governmental Center loan	\$ 2,107,446	\$ -	\$ 24,931	\$ 2,082,515	\$ 25,804	
Capitalized leases	60,033	-	16,227	43,806	13,654	
Compensated absences	52,401	41,145	26,204	68,095	33,671	
Other post-employment benefits	154,296	52,205	-	206,501	-	
Law Enforcement Separation	184,072	8,021		192,093		
Governmental Activity:						
Long-term liabilities	\$ 2,558,248	\$ 101,371	\$ 67,362	\$ 2,593,010	\$ 73,129	
Business-type Activities:						
Installment purchases	\$ 2,599,936	\$ 927,887	\$ 418,523	\$ 3,109,300	\$ 478,273	
Business-type Activity:						
Long-term liabilities	\$ 2,599,936	\$ 927,887	\$ 418,523	\$ 3,109,300	\$ 478,273	
ABC Board:						
Term loan	\$ 133,254	\$ -	\$ 36,987	\$ 96,267	\$ 39,507	

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the General Fund.

## 7. ABC Board

The ABC Board is obligated to one local financial institution under a seven year term loan with a maturity date of October 8, 2016. The interest rate on the term loan is 6.5%, fixed, for the life of the loan. The term loan is unsecured. Future maturities, for the years ending June 30<sup>th</sup>, on the long term debt are:

ABC Board

Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal
2015		39,519
2016		42,188
2017		14,560
Total	\$	96,267

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 2 - **DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** – Continued

#### 8. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	1,218,538
Less:	
Stabilization by state statute	457,860
Streets - Powell Bill	457,860 116,751
Unspendable - USDA Reserves	10,956
Assigned - Veterans Memorial	8,509
Unassigned	624,462

#### NOTE 3 - **JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION**

Centralina Council of Government was formed in 1968 and is one of the seventeen North Carolina COGs. Funding comes from member dues, state and federal grants, and fees for services. The Board of Delegates comprising elected officials from the (Member Governments) counties, cities, and towns in the nine counties set COG policies. The City paid membership fees to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

#### NOTE 4 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

## Federal and State Assisted Programs

The City has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds would be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 5 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

These internal balances represent the net receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all interfund activity within governmental and business-type activities.

	Receivable		Receivable		Receivable		Receivable		Payable		Payable
General Fund	\$	189,503		\$	5,416						
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	5,416	-	\$	189,503						

## NOTE 6 - **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The City of Locust has evaluated all subsequent events through December 15, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA
	This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.
•	Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Other Post-employment Benefits
•	Notes to the Required Schedules for the Other Post-employment Benefits
•	Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
•	Notes to the Required Schedules for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

## Other Post-employment Benefits Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial Accrued				
	Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Projected Unit	AAL	Funded	Covered	% of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b - a)/c)
12/31/2009	-	\$171,653	\$171,653	0.00%	\$ 741,889	23.14%
12/31/2012	-	\$243,799	\$243,799	0.00%	\$ 877,304	27.79%

## Schedule of Employer Contributions

Trend Information											
	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of AOC									
Fiscal Year Ending (AOC)		Contributed	Net O	PEB Obligation							
6/30/2012	39,010	0.00%	\$	113,624							
6/30/2013	40,672	0.00%	\$	154,296							
6/30/2014	52,205	0.00%	\$	206,501							
0,50,2014	52,205	0.0070	Ψ	200,50							

## Other Post-employment Benefits Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Required Schedules

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of an actuarial valuation as follows:

Valuation date: December 31, 2012

Actuarial cost method: Projected unit credit

Amortization method: Level percent of pay, Open

Remaining amortization period: 30 years

Amortization factor 26.1695

Asset valuation method: Market Value of Assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return\* 4.00%

**Medical Trend Assumptions** 

Pre-medicare Trend Rate 8.50% - 5.00%

Year of Ultimate Trend Rate 2018

\*Includes inflation at 3.00%

## Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial Accrued				
	Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	Projected Unit	AAL	Funded	Covered	% of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b - a)/c)
12/31/2012	-	70,253	70,253	0.00%	471,506	14.90%

Note: Actuarial valuation done at December 31, 2012 determined annual required contributions for June 30, 2014. No actuarial valuation done in prior years.

## Schedule of Employer Contributions

Three Year Trend Information											
Fiscal Year Ending		Pension Cost APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pen	sion Obligation						
6/30/2012	\$	8,551	0.00%	\$	175,790						
6/30/2013	\$	8,281	0.00%	\$	184,071						
6/30/2014	\$	8,022	0.00%	\$	192,093						

## Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Required Schedules

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of an actuarial valuation as follows:

Valuation date: 12/31/2012

Actuarial cost method: Projected unit credit

Amortization method: Level dollar closed

Remaining amortization period 18 years

Asset valuation method: Market Value

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Investment rate of return\* 5.00%

Projected salary increases\* 4.25-7.85%

\*Includes inflation at 3.00%

Cost-of-living adjustments N/A



## General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Dudget	Actual	(Ivegative)
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$ 1,268,000	\$ 1,299,087	\$ 31,087
Total	1,268,000	1,299,087	31,087
Other taxes and licenses:			
Motor vehicle tax	22,000	39,267	17,267
Vision cable franchise	17,000	17,918	918
Privilege licenses	40,000	43,322	3,322
Total	79,000	100,507	21,507
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes	544,000	540,580	(3,420)
Utility franchise tax	156,000	158,688	2,688
Solid waste fee	168,000	172,744	4,744
Beer and wine tax	14,000	13,127	(873)
Total	882,000	885,139	3,139
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Powell Bill allocation	101,250	103,740	2,490
Powell Bill interest	150	228	78
Court fees	3,500	4,225	725
Total	104,900	108,193	3,293
Sales and service:			
Recreation proceeds	71,700	53,605	(18,095)
Building rental	5,000	5,063	63
Total	76,700	58,668	(18,032)
Investment earnings	8,750	12,110	3,360
Miscellaneous	51,450	61,363	9,913
Total revenues	2,470,800	2,525,067	54,267

## General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Expenditures:   General government:   Salaries and employee benefits   Professional services   23,000   21,561   1,439     Membership dues   9,000   8,770   230     Other operating expenditures   166,350   156,173   10,177     Total general government   522,850   499,546   23,304     Public safety:   Police:   Salaries and employee benefits   711,900   704,275   7,625     Vehicle maintenance   53,000   52,963   37     Other operating expenditures   711,300   85,311   (14,011)     Capital outlay   100,000   74,737   25,263     Total public safety   936,200   917,286   18,914     Transportation:   Streets and highways:   Salaries and employee benefits   115,150   110,715   4,435     Paving and repairs   23,000   12,249   10,751     Other operating expenditures   163,350   143,149   20,201     Total transportation   301,500   266,113   35,387     Environmental protection:   Solid waste contracted services   237,000   234,433   2,567     Economic and physical development:   Planning and zoning   25,000   18,876   6,124     Culture and recreation:   Salaries and employee benefits   132,600   126,275   6,325     Culture and recreation:   Salaries and employee benefits   132,600   126,275   6,325     Other operating expenditures   163,250   163,719   531     Total culture and recreation   296,850   289,994   6,856			D 14		A -41	Variance Positive		
General government:         Salaries and employee benefits         \$ 324,500         \$ 313,042         \$ 11,458           Professional services         23,000         21,561         1,439           Membership dues         9,000         8,770         230           Other operating expenditures         166,350         156,173         10,177           Total general government         522,850         499,546         23,304           Public safety:         Police:         Salaries and employee benefits         711,900         704,275         7,625           Policic maintenance         53,000         52,963         37         Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Streets and highways:         Salaries and employee benefits         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environ	Ermanditumos		Budget	Actual			(Negative)	
Salaries and employee benefits         \$324,500         \$313,042         \$11,458           Professional services         23,000         21,561         1,439           Membership dues         9,000         8,770         230           Other operating expenditures         166,350         156,173         10,177           Total general government         522,850         499,546         23,304           Public safety:           Police:         Salaries and employee benefits         711,900         704,275         7,625           Salaries and employee benefits         711,900         52,963         37           Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Streets and highways:         Streets and employee benefits         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,3								
Professional services         23,000         21,561         1,439           Membership dues         9,000         8,770         230           Other operating expenditures         166,350         156,173         10,177           Total general government         522,850         499,546         23,304           Public safety:         Police:         Salaries and employee benefits         711,900         704,275         7,625           Vehicle maintenance         53,000         52,963         37         Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263         Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:         Streets and highways:         Salaries and employee benefits         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751         Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,		\$	324.500	\$	313.042	\$	11.458	
Membership dues         9,000         8,770         230           Other operating expenditures         166,350         156,173         10,177           Total general government         522,850         499,546         23,304           Public safety:         Police:         Salaries and employee benefits         711,900         704,275         7,625           Vehicle maintenance         53,000         52,963         37           Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:         Streets and highways:         310,000         12,249         10,751           Salaries and employee benefits         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433		Ψ.		Ψ	·	4	·	
Total general government         522,850         499,546         23,304           Public safety: Police: Salaries and employee benefits Vehicle maintenance         711,900         704,275         7,625           Vehicle maintenance         53,000         52,963         37           Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Streets and highways:         Salaries and employee benefits         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         Solid waste contracted services         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         <	Membership dues		,					
Public safety:           Police:         Salaries and employee benefits         711,900         704,275         7,625           Vehicle maintenance         53,000         52,963         37           Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Streets and highways:         8         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751         Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         Solid waste contracted services         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:	Other operating expenditures		166,350		156,173		10,177	
Police:         Salaries and employee benefits         711,900         704,275         7,625           Vehicle maintenance         53,000         52,963         37           Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Streets and highways:         Salaries and employee benefits         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         Solid waste contracted services         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         Salaries a	Total general government		522,850		499,546		23,304	
Salaries and employee benefits         711,900         704,275         7,625           Vehicle maintenance         53,000         52,963         37           Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Streets and highways:         30,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Salaries and employee benefits         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         Solid waste contracted services         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development:         25,000 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Vehicle maintenance         53,000         52,963         37           Other operating expenditures         71,300         85,311         (14,011)           Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Streets and highways:           Salaries and employee benefits         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         312,600         126,275			711,900		704,275		7,625	
Capital outlay         100,000         74,737         25,263           Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:			,		,			
Total public safety         936,200         917,286         18,914           Transportation:           Streets and highways:         301,510         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         312,600         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531	Other operating expenditures		71,300		85,311		(14,011)	
Transportation:           Streets and highways:         301,500         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and employee benefits         132,600         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531	Capital outlay		100,000		74,737		25,263	
Streets and highways:         115,150         110,715         4,435           Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         Salaries and employee benefits         132,600         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531	Total public safety		936,200		917,286		18,914	
Paving and repairs         23,000         12,249         10,751           Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         312,600         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531								
Other operating expenditures         163,350         143,149         20,201           Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         312,600         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531					·			
Total transportation         301,500         266,113         35,387           Environmental protection: Solid waste contracted services         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development: Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation: Salaries and employee benefits         132,600         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531							,	
Environmental protection:         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         25,000         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531	Other operating expenditures		163,350		143,149		20,201	
Solid waste contracted services         237,000         234,433         2,567           Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         32,000         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531	Total transportation		301,500		266,113		35,387	
Total environmental protection         237,000         234,433         2,567           Economic and physical development:         25,000         18,876         6,124           Planning and zoning         25,000         18,876         6,124           Total economic and physical development         25,000         18,876         6,124           Culture and recreation:         312,600         126,275         6,325           Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531								
Economic and physical development: Planning and zoning 25,000 18,876 6,124  Total economic and physical development 25,000 18,876 6,124  Culture and recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 132,600 126,275 0ther operating expenditures 164,250 163,719 531	Solid waste contracted services		237,000		234,433		2,567	
Planning and zoning       25,000       18,876       6,124         Total economic and physical development       25,000       18,876       6,124         Culture and recreation:       Salaries and employee benefits       132,600       126,275       6,325         Other operating expenditures       164,250       163,719       531	Total environmental protection		237,000		234,433		2,567	
Total economic and physical development 25,000 18,876 6,124  Culture and recreation: Salaries and employee benefits 132,600 126,275 6,325 Other operating expenditures 164,250 163,719 531	Economic and physical development:							
Culture and recreation: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures  132,600 126,275 163,719 531	Planning and zoning		25,000		18,876		6,124	
Salaries and employee benefits       132,600       126,275       6,325         Other operating expenditures       164,250       163,719       531	Total economic and physical development		25,000		18,876		6,124	
Other operating expenditures         164,250         163,719         531	Culture and recreation:							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			132,600		126,275		6,325	
Total culture and recreation 296,850 289,994 6,856	Other operating expenditures		164,250		163,719		531	
	Total culture and recreation		296,850		289,994		6,856	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Debt service:			
Principal retirement	37,750	37,709	41
Interest and other charges	77,650	77,616	34
Total debt service	115,400	115,325	75
Total expenditures	2,434,800	2,341,573	93,227
Revenues over (under) expenditures	36,000	183,494	147,494
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer to Water and Sewer Fund	(36,000)		(36,000)
Total other financing uses	(36,000)		36,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	183,494	\$ 183,494
Fund balance, beginning		1,035,044	
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 1,218,538	

Statement 2

## Capital Projects Fund – NC Highway 200 N Sidewalks Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

						Actual			Variance		
		Project	Prior Current Years Year			Total To Date		Positive Negative			
Revenues - Sewer Project:	Au	thorization		ears	<u>rear</u>			10 Date	N	eganve	
NC Department of Transportation											
Grant	\$	175,000	\$		\$	132,315	\$	132,315	\$	42,685	
Total revenues		175,000				132,315		132,315		42,685	
Expenditures - Sewer Project:											
Construction		160,000		-		132,315		132,315		27,685	
Engineering		15,000						-		15,000	
Total expenditures		175,000				132,315		132,315		42,685	
Revenues over expenditures											
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			-	\$		\$		
Fund Balance, beginning						-					
Fund Balance, end of year					\$						

## Water and Sewer Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			ariance Positive
	Budget	Actual	legative)
Revenues:	 8		 8
Sewer charges	\$ 763,000	\$ 768,849	\$ 5,849
Sewer taps and fees	197,500	200,454	2,954
Capacity fee collections	85,000	87,500	2,500
Other operating revenues	 300	62	(238)
Total operating revenues	 1,045,800	1,056,865	 11,065
Expenditures:			
Water and sewer administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	118,450	110,986	
Other operating expenditures	36,700	36,695	
Total water and sewer administration	 155,150	147,681	 7,469
Waste collection and treatment:			
Sewage collection system:			
Maintenance	37,000	40,563	(3,563)
Other operating expenditures	49,000	38,212	10,788
Utility service fees	81,150	71,808	9,342
Primary waste treatment	 269,000	259,883	 9,117
Total waste collection and treatment	436,150	 410,466	25,684
Debt service:			
Interest and other charges	72,000	72,310	
Principal retirement	418,500	418,050	
Total debt service	 490,500	490,360	 140
Total expenditures	1,081,800	1,048,507	33,293
Revenues and other sources over			
expenditures and other uses	\$ 	\$ 8,358	\$ 8,358

## Water and Sewer Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:

Revenues and other sources over	
expenditures and other uses	\$ 8,358
Reconciling items:	
Principal retirement	418,050
Accrued interest payable	(4,058)
Depreciation	 (256,564)
Total reconciling items	157,428
Net Income	\$ 165,786

## Water and Sewer Fund Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

					A	ctual			Variance	
	Project	· ·	Prior			Current		Total	Positive	
	Authorizat	tion	Yea	Years		Year	To Date		Negative	
Expenditures - Sewer Project:										
Construction	\$	-	\$	-	\$ '	796,397	\$	796,397	\$	-
Engineering		-		-		-		-		-
Legal and administration		<u> </u>				126,074		126,074		_
Total expenditures	927,8	887				922,471		922,471		
Expenditures over revenues	(927,8	887)			(9	922,471)		(922,471)		(5,416)
Other financing sources and (uses):										
Loan proceeds	927,8	887		-	9	927,887		927,887		-
Transfer to Water and Sewer fund		-		-		(5,416)		(5,416)		5,416
Total financing sources and (uses)	927,8	387			9	922,471		922,471		5,416
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			-	\$		\$	_
Fund Balance, beginning						-				
Fund Balance, end of year					\$	_				

## OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

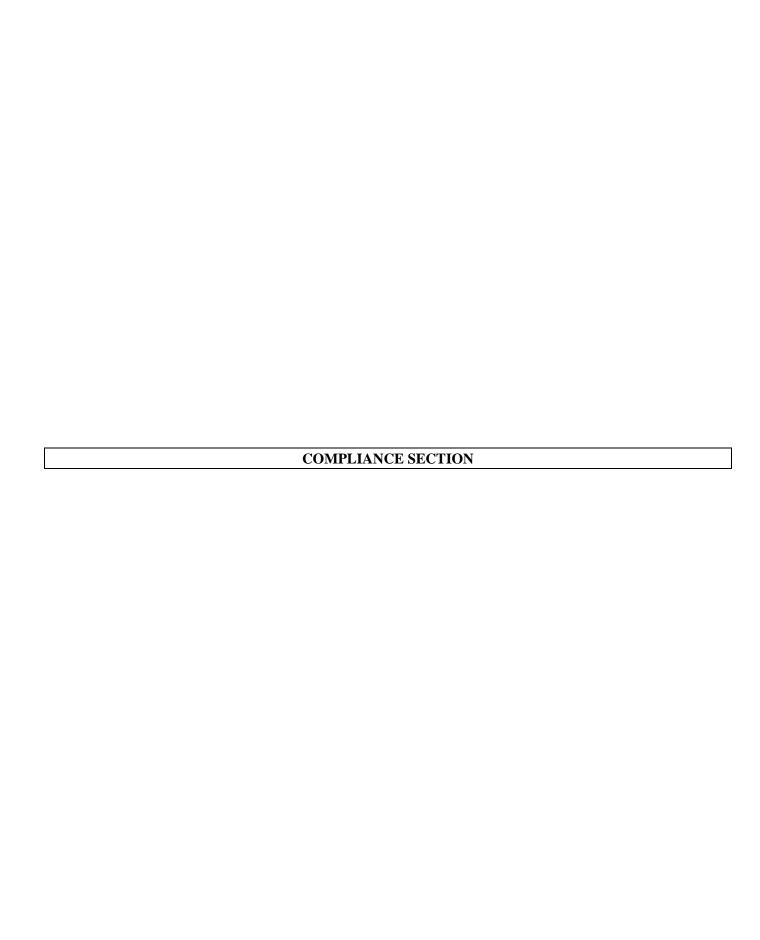
- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

## Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2014

	Ba	ollected lance 30, 2013		Additions		Collections nd Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2014		
2013 - 2014	\$	-	\$	1,323,046	\$	1,271,922	\$	51,124	
2012 - 2013		64,325		2,933		34,570		32,688	
2011 - 2012		28,097		-		7,728		20,369	
2010 - 2011		12,291		-		4,142		8,149	
2009 - 2010		8,227		-		1,369		6,858	
2008 - 2009		7,446	7,446 - 1,585						
2007 - 2008		5,248		-		4,854			
2006 - 2007		5,247		-		243		5,004	
2005 - 2006		1,462		- 395				1,067	
2004 - 2005		943		-		297	646		
2003 - 2004		1,106				1,106			
	\$	134,392	\$	1,325,979	\$	1,323,751	\$	136,620	
Reconcilement with revenues:									
Ad Valorem Taxes - General	Fund						\$	1,299,087	
Reconciling items: Interest collected Discounts allowed Reclass out assessments ind Miscellaneous adjustments Taxes written off	cluded beş	ginning of y	year					(4,677) 6,178 22,071 238 854	
Total collections and	credits						\$	1,323,751	

## Analysis of Current Tax Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

						Total Levy			
						Property Excluding			
			City-wide			Registered	Registered		
		Property Valuation	Rate		Amount of Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles		
		v aruation	Rate		of Levy	Venicies	Venicles		
Original levy:									
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$	334,199,068	0.36	\$	1,203,117	\$ 1,203,117	\$ -		
Registered motor vehicles	Ψ	22 1,133,000	0.00	Ψ	1,200,117	¢ 1,200,117	Ψ		
taxed at current year's rate		34,660,651	0.36		124,778	-	124,778		
Penalties		-			1,149	1149	-		
Total		368,859,719			1,329,044	1,204,266	124,778		
Discoveries:									
Current year taxes		-	0.36		-	-	-		
Prior years' rate		361,010	0.36		1,300		1,300		
Abatements									
Current year rate		2,017,500	0.36		(7,263)	(6,225)	(1,038)		
Penalties		-			(35)	(35)	-		
Total property valuation	\$	371,238,229							
Net levy					1,323,046	1,198,006	125,040		
Less, uncollected tax at June 30, 2014					51,124	46,610	4,514		
Current year's taxes collected				\$	1,271,922	\$ 1,151,396	\$ 120,526		
Current levy collection percentage					96.14%	96.11%	96.39%		





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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Locust, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregated remaining fund information of the City of Locust, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, which collectively comprise the City of Locust's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the City of Locust ABC Board, as described in our report on the City of Locust's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the City of Locust ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Locust's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Locust's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Locust's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing* Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 15, 2014

Charlotte, North Carolina

Rowell, Craven & Short, P. A.



7540 Matthews-Mint Hill Road Charlotte, NC 28227 Phone: 704-545-9771 Fax: 704-545-0946 www.rowellcravenshort.com

# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Locust, North Carolina

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Locust, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Locust, North Carolina's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. City of Locust, North Carolina's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Locust, North Carolina's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Locust, North Carolina's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Locust, North Carolina's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Locust, North Carolina complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Locust, North Carolina is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Locust, North Carolina's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Locust, North Carolina's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charlotte, North Carolina

Rowell, Craven + Short, P. A.

December 15, 2014

## Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

## Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>						
Type of auditors' report iss	ued: Unqualified					
Internal control over finance	cial reporting:					
• Material weakness(es)	dentified?		yes	<u>X</u>	no	
Significant Deficiency(     are not considered to be			yes	X	no	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted			yes	<u>X</u>	no	
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major	federal programs:					
• Material weakness(es)	identified?		yes	X	no	
· Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are						
are not considered to be		yes	X No	one Reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unqualified						
Any audit findings disclose required to be reported in with Section 510(a) of Ci	accordance		yes	X	no	
Identification of major fed	eral programs:					
CFDA No.	Names of Federal Program or Cl	<u>luster</u>				
10.766	Water Quality Grants and Loans					
Dollar threshold used to di Type A and Type B Prog	=	\$	300,000	<u>)</u>		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			yes	X	no	

## Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Section II.	Financial Statement Findings	
Finding:	None Noted			
C				
	Section	n III Feder	al Award Findings and Questioned Costs	

None reported.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### **MATERIAL WEAKNESS**

**Finding:** 2013-1 Failure to exercise control over the Law Enforcement Separation Allowance liability.

Status: Procedures have been implemented to ensure that an actuarial study is conducted every two

years and that the expense for the Law enforcement Separation Allowance liability is properly accrued for the each fiscal year. We found no issues of noncompliance with this

control procedure.

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal (Direct and Pass-Through) Expenditures		State Expenditures		Local Expenditures	
Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title								
Loan Guarantee: United States Department of Agriculture Passed-through N.C. DENR								
Water Quality Grants and Loans	10.766		\$	927,887	\$	-	\$	-
Total assistance- Federal programs			\$	927,887	\$	-	\$	_
State Grants:								
N.C. Department of Transportation:  Powell Bill			\$	_	\$	103,740	\$	_
Sidewalk Construction			Ψ	-	Ψ	132,315	Ψ	_
Total assistance- State programs				-		236,055		-
Total assistance			\$	927,887	\$	236,055	\$	

## Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards includes the federal and state grant activity of the City of Locust and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*.